



UNIVERSITY HOSPITAL
Newark, New Jersey

CMS Regulation: Restraints & Seclusions

2019 - 2020



CMS Condition of Participation Standard

482.13 (e)(12)

Patient Rights: Restraint or Seclusion

All patients have the right to be free from physical or mental abuse, and corporal punishment. All patients have the right to be free from restraint or seclusion, of any form, imposed as a means of coercion, discipline, convenience, or retaliation by staff. Restraint or seclusion may only be imposed to ensure the immediate physical safety of the patient, a staff member, or others and must be discontinued at the earliest possible time.



Definition

- A restraint is any manual method, physical or mechanical device, material, or equipment that immobilizes or reduces the ability of a patient to move his/her arms, legs, or head freely; or
- A drug or medication when it is used as a restriction to manage the patient's freedom of movement and is not a standard treatment or dosage for the patient's condition.
- A restraint does **NOT** include devices, such as orthopedically prescribed devices, surgical dressings or bandages, protective helmets, or other methods that involve the physical holding of a patient for the purpose of conducting routine physical exams or tests, or to protect the patient from falling out of bed, or to permit the patient to participate in activities with the risk of physical harm (not a physical escort).

Source: <https://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/CFR-2010-title42-vol5/pdf/CFR-2010-title42-vol5-sec482-13.pdf>



Use

- Must be in accordance with a **written modification** to the patient's plan of care
- Implemented in accordance with hospital policy and State law
- Must be in accordance with the **order** of a physician or other LIP who is responsible for the care of the patient, and authorized by policy and State law
- Orders for restraints must **never** be written as a standing order or on an as needed basis (PRN)
- The attending must be consulted **ASAP** if the attending physician did not write the restraint or seclusion order

Fact: It is **ILLEGAL** for nurses to maintain the use of restraints after the order has expired.

Source: <https://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/CFR-2010-title42-vol5/pdf/CFR-2010-title42-vol5-sec482-13.pdf>



UH Policy # 831-200-096

Use of Restraints for Non-violent or Non-self Destructive Behavior

Purpose:

1. To promote appropriate use of restraints and provide guidelines to the staff to be able to make appropriate decisions in utilizing the least restrictive restraint method and use of restraint alternatives.
2. To maintain a safe environment for both patient and staff.

University Hospital is committed to creating an environment that minimizes circumstances that give rise to restraint and maximizes safety.

Orders:

- The LIP/Primary Physician will:
 - If the LIP who initially gives the order for the restraint is not the primary physician, he/she will notify the primary physician as soon as possible, within twelve (12) hours.
 - The LIP will request consent when clinically feasible
 - The LIP will document this notification in the patient's medical record.
 - Discuss with staff the physical and psychological status of the patient, including changes to the patient's plan of care and treatment.
 - Conduct and document face-to-face assessment within one (1) hour of restraint placement.
 - Determine whether restraint should be continued.
 - Provide the order for restraint.
 - Conduct a face-to-face patient reassessment every twenty-four (24) hours daily, or by 10:00am, whichever comes first, and renew the order if appropriate.



UH Policy # 831-200-096

Use of Restraints for Non-violent or Non-self Destructive Behavior (continued)

Orders:

- The initial order will include:
 - Date and time restraint was initiated
 - Alternatives attempted
 - Specific rationale/justification (example: pulling out tubes/ dressings)
- Order must be time limited, not to exceed 24 hours
- Type of restraint
- Location of restraint
- Signature of ordering LIP/Primary physician
- Behavioral criteria for discontinuation of restraint, if applicable
- Restraints are used with adequate and appropriate justification, documentation and regard for patient safety
 - The RN will either apply or be present to supervise the application of restraints
 - To ensure patient safety:
 - The patient's head should be free to rotate side to side.
 - Elevate the head of bed if patient is restrained in supine position
 - Never fasten restraints to moveable items, such as side rails or wheels.

You can access the entire policy at this link <https://universityhospital.ellucid.com/documents/view/2948>



UH Policy # 831-200-096

Use of Restraints for **Non-violent or Non-self Destructive Behavior** (continued)

- Only use mechanical devices that are specifically commercially manufactured for the purpose of physical restraint.
- Only nursing staff trained in the safe application and removal of restraints may apply or remove restraints under the direction of an RN.
 - The interventions chosen for use are safely and appropriately implemented
 - When restraint is indicated, the least restrictive device shall be chosen
- The re-evaluation and renewal orders will include:
 - Documentation of the LIP face-to-face re-assessment every twenty-four (24) hours or by 10:00am daily, whichever comes first, and renew or discontinue order.
 - If the order expires, the restraint should be discontinued and the LIP contacted for reassessment/reevaluation.
 - If the restraint is discontinued and the patient requires the restraint to be reinstated, a new order must be obtained.
 - A temporary, directly supervised release for the purpose of caring for the patient's needs such as feeding, turning, toileting, bathing or performing range of motion (ROM); is **NOT** considered a discontinuation of a restraint.
- The decision to discontinue the restraints can be done by the RN or LIP
 - The RN or LIP will assess if the behavior or condition that was the basis for the restraint order has been resolved or if the needs of the patient can be met with less restrictive methods.
 - The RN will notify the physician when there is improvement in the patient's condition and discontinue the order.
 - The RN will record the time and date that restraints are discontinued.

You can access the entire policy at this link <https://universityhospital.ellucid.com/documents/view/2948>



UH Policy # 831-200-451 **Restraints and Seclusion for **Violent or Self-destructive Behavior****

Purpose:

To identify when restraints and/or seclusion for violent or self-destructive behavior may be utilized and outline the procedure for the safe application, mandatory assessment, and appropriate notification of patients restrained or in seclusion.

Orders:

- Restraints and/or seclusion can be initiated as follows:
 - An individual order by the LIP; or
 - An RN in response to an unanticipated or emergent situation
 - When an RN initiates restraints and/or seclusion they must:
 - ✓ Immediately after placing patient in restraints and/or seclusion, notify and consult with the LIP and obtain an order.
- The LIP will:
 - Discuss with staff the physical and psychological status of the patient, including:
 - Patient's immediate situation
 - Patient's reaction to intervention
 - Changes to the patient's plan of care and treatment
 - Conduct and document face-to-face assessment within one (1) hour of restraint placement and/or seclusion
 - If the patient is released from restraint or seclusion prior to the face to face evaluation is conducted, the LIP is still required to see the patient one (1) hour after the initiation of restraints and/or seclusion

You can access the full policy at this link <https://universityhospital.ellucid.com/documents/view/2438>



UH Policy # 831-200-451

Restraints and Seclusion for **Violent or Self-destructive Behavior (continued)**

- Determine whether restraint/seclusion should be continued.
- Provide the order for restraint.
- The initial order will include:
 - Date and time restraint was initiated
 - Alternatives attempted
 - Specific rationale
 - Acute Specific rationale must be documented (Violent – Self destructive)
 - Maximum length of time for use of restraint
 - For patients with primary behavioral health needs orders for restraint/seclusion are limited to 1, 2, or 4 hours, depending on patient's age:
 - ✓ Four (4) hours for adults (18 years and older)
 - ✓ Two (2) hours for children and adolescents ages 9- 17 years old
 - ✓ One (1) hour for children under age of 9
- Seclusion is only used within the service of psychiatry
- Type of restraint
- Location of restraint
- Signature of ordering LIP
- Behavioral criteria for discontinuation of restraint, if applicable

You can access the full policy at this link <https://universityhospital.ellucid.com/documents/view/2438>



UH Policy # 831-200-451

Restraints and Seclusion for **Violent or Self-destructive Behavior (continued)**

- Restraints are used with adequate and appropriate justification, documentation and regard for patient safety
- The interventions chosen for use are safely and appropriately implemented
- When restraint is indicated, the least restrictive device shall be chosen
- The re-evaluation and renewal orders will include:
 - The LIP must do a face-to-face re-assessment with every behavioral restraint or seclusion renewal.
 - If the order expires, the restraint should be discontinued and the LIP contacted for reassessment/reevaluation.
 - If the restraint is discontinued and the patient requires the restraint to be reinstated, a new order must be obtained.
 - A temporary, directly supervised release for the purpose of caring for the patient's needs such as feeding, turning, toileting, bathing or performing range of motion (ROM); is **NOT** considered a discontinuation of a restraint.
- The decision to discontinue the restraints and/or seclusion can be done by the RN or LIP.
 - The RN or LIP will assess if the behavior or condition that was the basis for the restraint order has been resolved or if the needs of the patient can be met with less restrictive methods.
 - The RN will notify the physician when there is improvement in the patient's condition and discontinue the order.
 - The RN will record the time and date that restraints and/or seclusion are discontinued.

You can access the full policy at this link <https://universityhospital.ellucid.com/documents/view/2438>

Thank You